

## Creatinine MonlabTest®

Trinder. Enzymatic.



IVD

### Quantitative determination of creatinine

Only for professional *in vitro* diagnostic use. Store at 2-8°C.

#### PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD

In the first reaction, creatinase and sarcosine oxidase were used in the enzymatic hydrolysis of endogenous creatine to produce hydrogen peroxide, that is eliminated by catalase. In the second reaction, the catalase is inhibited by sodium azide, and creatinase and 4-aminoantipyrine (4-AA) were added, and only the creatine generated from creatinine by creatinase was hydrolyzed sequentially by creatinase and sarcosine oxidase to produce hydrogen peroxide. This newly-formed hydrogen peroxide was measured in a coupled reaction catalyzed by peroxidase, with N-ethyl-n-sulphopropyl-mtoluidine (TOPS)/4-AA as a chromogen.

#### CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

Creatinine is the result of the degradation of the creatine, component of muscles, it can be transformed into ATP, that is a source of high energy for the cells. The creatinine production depends on the modification of the muscular mass, and it varies little and the levels usually are very stable.

Is excreted by the kidneys. With progressive renal insufficiency there is retention in blood of urea, creatinine and uric acid.

Elevate creatinine level may be indicative of renal insufficiency<sup>2</sup>.

Clinical diagnosis should not be made on a single test result; it should integrate clinical and other laboratory data.

#### REAGENTS

R 1	MOPS 25 mmol/L, TOPS 0,5 mmol/L, Creatinase 10 KU/L, Sarcosine Oxidase 5 KU/L, Catalase 3 KU/L, EDTA 1mmol/L, pH 7.5.
R 2	MOPS 90 mmol/L, Creatinase 30 KU/L, Peroxidase 10 KU/L, pH 7.5. Sodium azide 0.5 g/L.
CREATININE CAL	Creatinine aqueous primary standard 2mg/dL.

#### PRECAUTIONS

CAL: H290-May be corrosive to metals.

Follow the precautionary statements given in MSDS and label of the product.

#### PREPARATION

R1 and R2 are ready to use.

#### STORAGE AND STABILITY

All the components of the kit are stable until the expiration date on the label when stored tightly closed at 2-8°C, protected from light and contaminations prevented during their use.

R1 and R2 are stable 8 weeks after opening bottle.

#### ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT

- Spectrophotometer or photometer measuring at 545±20 nm.
- Cell holder thermostable at 37°C.
- General laboratory equipment.

#### SAMPLES

- Serum or plasma<sup>1</sup>.
- Urine (24h)<sup>1</sup>: Dilute fresh urine 1/50 with distilled water. Multiply the result by 50 (sample dilution factor). Creatinine is stable 1 day at 2-8°C.

#### PROCEDURE

- Assay conditions:  
Wavelength: ..... 545 nm (525-565)  
Cuvette: ..... 1 cm light path  
Temperature: ..... 37°C (±0,1°C)
- Adjust the instrument to zero with distilled water.
- Pipette into a cuvette<sup>(Note 3)</sup>:

	Blank	Standard <sup>(Note 1,2)</sup>	Sample
R1 (µL)	450	450	450
Sample (µL)	10	10	10
- Mix and incubate 5 minutes.
- Read the absorbance (A<sub>1</sub>) of the standard and the samples, at 545nm against the blank.
- Add:

	Blank	Standard	Sample
R2 (µL)	150	150	150
- Mix and incubate 5 minutes.
- Read the absorbance (A<sub>2</sub>) of the standard and the samples, at 545nm against the blank.

#### CALCULATIONS

$$\text{Creatinine} = \frac{\Delta A \text{ Sample} \times k - \Delta A \text{ Blank} \times k}{\Delta A \text{ Standard} \times k - \Delta A \text{ Blank} \times k} \times C = \text{mg/dL of Creatinine in the sample}$$

$$K = 0.754 = 460 \mu\text{L}/610\mu\text{L}$$

C = Concentration of the standard

$$\Delta A = A_2 - A_1$$

#### QUALITY CONTROL

Control sera are recommended to monitor the performance of assay procedures: CONTROL Normal and Pathologic (MO-165107 and MO-165108).

If control values are found outside the defined range, check the instrument, reagents and calibrator for problems.

Each laboratory should establish its own Quality Control scheme and corrective actions if controls do not meet the acceptable tolerances.

#### REFERENCE VALUES<sup>1</sup>

Serum or plasma:

Men	0,9 - 1,3 mg/dL
Women	0,6 - 1,1 mg/dL

Urine:

Men	14 - 26 mg/Kg/24 h
Women	11 - 20 mg/Kg/24 h

These values are for orientation purpose; each laboratory should establish its own reference range.

#### PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

**Measuring range:** From detection limit of 0.00 mg/dL to linearity limit of 180 mg/dL.

If the results obtained were greater than linearity limit, dilute the sample 1/2 with NaCl 9 g/L and multiply the result by 2.

**Precision:**

	Intra-assay (n=20)		Inter-assay (n=20)	
	Mean (mg/dL)	0.87	3.82	0.87
SD	0.01	0.06	0.02	0.06
CV (%)	1.63	1.44	2.31	1.72

**Sensitivity:** 1 mg/dL = 0.0226 (ΔA)

**Accuracy:** Results obtained using MonlabTest these reagents did not show systematic differences when compared with other commercial reagents or with HPLC method.

The results obtained using 50 samples were the following:

Correlation coefficient (r)<sup>2</sup>: 0.9730.

Regression equation: y = 1.066x - 0.020.

The results of the performance characteristics depend on the analyzer used.

#### INTERFERENCES

No interferences were observed with hemoglobin until 5 g/dL, bilirubin 40 mg/dL.

Other drugs and substances may interfere<sup>3,4</sup>.

#### NOTES

- CREATININE CAL: Proceed carefully with this product because due its nature it can get contaminated easily.
- Calibration with the aqueous Standard may cause a systematic error in automatic procedures. In these cases, it is recommended to use a serum Calibrator.
- Use clean disposable pipette tips for its dispensation.
- MONLAB has instruction sheets for several automatic analyzers.**

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Fossati et al. Clin Chem 1983; 29:1494-1496.
- Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry, 3rd edition. Burtis CA, Ashwood ER. WB Saunders Co., 1999.
- Young DS. Effects of drugs on Clinical Lab. Tests, 4th ed AACC Press, 1995.
- Young DS. Effects of disease on Clinical Lab. Tests, 4th ed AACC 2001.

#### PACKAGING

MO-165083	MO-165191
R1: 1 x 30 mL	R1: 1 x 240 mL
R2: 1 x 10 mL	R2: 1 x 80 mL
CAL: 1x5 mL	CAL: 1x5 mL

#### SYMBOLS FOR IVD COMPONENTS AND REAGENTS

	Manufacturer		For <i>in vitro</i> diagnostic use only
	Don't re-use		Consult instructions for use
	Contains sufficient for <n> tests		Keep dry
	Catalogue Code		Temperature limitation
	Lot Number		Use by

