



# **Albumin MonlabTest**®

Bromcresol green. Colorimetric. **Quantitative determination of albumin** 

IVD Only for professional in vitro diagnostic use

Store at 2-8°C

## **PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD**

Albumin in the presence of bromcresol green at a slightly acid pH, produces a colour change of the indicator from yellow-green to greenblue. The intensity of the color formed is proportional to the albumin concentration in the sample  $^{1,2,3,4}$ .

# **CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE**

One of the most important serum proteins produced in the liver is albumin.

This molecule has an extraordinarily wide rage of functions, including nutrition, maintenance of oncotic pressure and transport of Ca<sup>++</sup>, bilirubin, free fatty acid, drugs and steroids.

Variation in albumin levels indicate liver diseases, malnutrition, skin lesions such as dermatitis and burns or dehydration<sup>1,7,8</sup>.

Clinical diagnosis should not be made on a single test result; it should integrate clinical and other laboratory data.

		TC
K		

R	Bromcresol green pH 4.2	0.12 mmol/L		
ALBUMIN CAL	Albumin aqueous primary star	ndard 5 g/dL		

PREPARATION

Reagent and calibrator are ready to use.

## **STORAGE AND STABILITY**

All the components of the kit are stable until the expiration date on the label when stored tightly closed at 2-8°C, protected from light and contaminations prevented during their use. Do not use reagents over the expiration date.

# Signs of reagent deterioration:

- Presence of particles and turbidity.
- Blank absorbance (A) at 630 nm  $\geq$  0.40.

# **ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT**

- Spectrophotometer or colorimeter measuring at 630 nm.
- Matched cuvettes 1.0 cm light path.
- General laboratory equipment.

#### SAMPLES

Serum or plasma, free of hemolysis<sup>1</sup>: Stability 1 month at 2-8°C or 1 week at 15-25°C.

## PROCEDURE

1. Assay conditions: Cuvette: ..... 1 cm light path 

- Adjust the instrument to zero with distilled water. 2.
- 3. Pipette into a cuvette:

	Blank	Standard	Sample
R (mL)	1.0	1.0	1.0
Standard (Note 1-2) (µL)		5	
Sample (µL)			5

- Mix and incubate for 10 min at room temperature (15-25°C). 4.
- Read the absorbance (A) of the samples and Standard, against 5. the Blank.

The colour is stable 1 hour at room temperature.

Ref: MO-165063/64 Rev: JANUARY 2013

Manufacturer: Monlab SL Selva de Mar 48 08019 BCN Spain + 34 93 433 58 60 Fax +34 93 436 38 94 pedidos@monlab.com www.monlab.com

## CALCULATIONS

 $\frac{(x)\text{sample}}{(A)\text{Standard}} \times 5$  (Standard conc.) = g/dL albumin in the sample

Conversion factor:  $g/dL \times 144.9 = \mu mol/L$ 

#### **QUALITY CONTROL**

Control sera are recommended to monitor the performance of assay procedures: Normal and Pathologic CONTROL (MO-165107 and MO-165108).

If control values are found outside the defined range, check the instrument, reagents and calibrator for problems.

Each laboratory should establish its own Quality Control scheme and corrective actions if controls do not meet the acceptable tolerances.

# **REFERENCE VALUES**

3.5 to 5.0 g/dL<sup>1</sup>.

These values are for orientation purpose; each laboratory should establish its own reference range.

#### **PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

Measuring range: From *detection limit* of 0.04 g/dL to *linearity limit* of 6 g/dL.

If the results obtained were greater than linearity limit, dilute the sample 1/2 with NaCl 9 g/L and multiply the result by 2.

Precision:

	Intra-assay (n=20)		Inter-assay (n=20	
Mean (g/dL)	3.38	5.80	3.30	5.67
SD	0.02	0.03	0.26	0.04
CV (%)	0.52	0.49	0.78	0.69

## Sensitivity: 1 g/dL = 0.126 A.

Accuracy: Results obtained using MONLABTEST reagents (y) did not show systematic differences when compared with other commercial reagents (x).

The results obtained using 50 samples were the following:

Correlation coefficient (r): 0.99. Regression equation: y = 0.98x + 0.09.

The results of the performance characteristics depend on the analyzer used.

#### **INTERFERENCES**

Bilirubin up to 110 mg/L, hemoglobin up to 1 g/L and lipemic sera up to 10 g/L no interfere<sup>1,</sup>

A list of drugs and other interfering substances with albumin determination has been reported by Young et. al<sup>5,6</sup>.

# NOTES

- ALBUMIN CAL: Proceed carefully with this product because due 1. its nature it can get contamined easily.
- Calibration with the aqueous Standard may cause a systematic 2. error in automatic procedures. In these cases, it is recommended to use a serum Calibrator.
- Use clean disposable pipette tips for its dispensation. 3.
- MONLAB has instruction sheets for several automatic 4. analyzers. Instructions for many of them are available on request.

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

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- 5. Young DS. Effects of drugs on Clinical Lab. Tests, 4th ed AACC Press, 1995.
- 6. Young DS. Effects of disease on Clinical Lab. Tests, 4th ed AACC 2001.
- 7. Burtis A et al. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry, 3rd ed AACC 1999.
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# Monlab**Test**®

PACKAGING				
Ref.	: MO-165063	Ref: MO-1651064		
R: 2 x 50 mL		R	: 1 x 1000 mL	
CAL: 1 x 2 mL		CAL: 1 x 5 mL		
SYMBO	SYMBOLS FOR IVD COMPONENTS AND REAGENTS			
***	Manufacturer	IVD	For i <i>n vitro</i> diagnostic use only	
8	Don't re-use	Ĩ	Consult instructions for use	
Σn	Contains sufficient for <n> tests</n>	Ť	Keep dry	
REF	Catalogue Code	X	Temperature limitation	
LOT	Lot Number	23	Use by	

